DISTRICT ATTORNEY MARTINE RECOM-

MENDS THEIR INDICTMENT.

CURIOUS BEGGING LETTERS SENT TO THE PRESIDENT.

Most of them Ask for Money, and are from Poreigners-Senator (uilom's New Postal Telegraph Bill—A Republican Preparing a Tariff Bill to Get Ahead of the Demo-crats-Commissioner Riley on the Sioux Reservation—The Green Stamp Man.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Perhaps the most curious begging letters to the President are those in a foreign language. The President never sees these in the original. They are sent in batches of nine or ten to Henry L. Thomas, the official translator for the State Department, Mr. Cleveland rarely sees the whole of any of these letters, and seldom any part of them. Translator Thomas rups his learned eye over them, finds out what the request and who the beggar is, and makes a brief note in abstract of each one of the missives. These then go over to the White House to be looked over by the correspondence clark. and as the requests are usually even more absurd than those which come written in the English tongue, they are never shown to Mr. Cleveland, except, perhaps, when a particu-larly funny one drops in, and the clerk or Col. Lamont thinks it would be enjoyed all round. The letters from people who beg in foreign languages average about one a day the year through, but oftener run up to forty a month than fall to twenty-five. They come both from Europe and America, and are most commonly written in German. Those which come from abroad are the funniest, because the writers usually display not only their own cranky notions, but the most eccentric ideas of the way in which the Government of this country is managed. The authors are frequently foreigners who have had some residence in this country, but also come from persons who have apparently never been here, even on an imaginary geographical trip. One came only recently from an inventor in France. He wrote to inform the President that he had just discovered a new method of facilitating travel by canal. He was sure that his method would save the United States a great deal of money, and he was only waiting to receive the necessary funds for his voyage over. A man in Switzeriand wrote asking for money in an imperative way. He put his plea on the ground that the President had once been very kind to his mother, and that on this account he should take particular pains to see that her children did not suffer. This letter is like the majority in two respects. It demanded money and in a considerable sum, asking \$3,000 for the purchase of a house, and it evidently came from a man who had loat his wits. Translator Thomas does not like the reading of the episties when they turn out to be in a large per cent. from crizy writers. He finds that it has a tendency to make him melancholy.

Of a more laughable sort are the letters from writers who imagine the President, with a minute knowledge of the whole country and its people. Ilke a Postmaster in a country office. The man in Spain, whose letter, received last week, asked Mr. Cleveland if he knew whether his second cousin, who came to this country nearly ten years ago, was still here, is a fair sample of this class. A German woman in New York wrote in sober earnest a fortnight ago, saying that she understood from the President that in all justice she should have some. The Western German write queer letters. A man who signed himself Krausskopf and dated his letter Allegan county, Michigan, she thought that in all justice she should have some. The western German write queer istens. A man who signed himself Krausskopf and dated his l eranky notions, but the most eccentric ideas of the way in which the Government of this coun-

sealary. He never montions any particular sum, but is always holding out his hand for a share of it. A boy, ovidently Norwegian from his name, wrote from Minnesota not long ago. He said that he lived by the shore of a lake, and was proor. He needed to earn money, and was trying to do it by shooting ducks on the lake. He had only an old gun, and wished, if it were possible, that the President would send him a rifle, A curious letter lies now on Mr. Thomas's table. It consists of twelve closely written pages of Hebrew, and, what is more, is written in the pure Hebrew language. Most of the leiters from Hebrews which come into the hands of the official translator are in the Hebrew character, but in German. This long address comes from Joseph Rubin, Dallas, Tex. Mr. Rubin encloses a card, which announces him as "Mochet and Rahel. Hebrew Orthodox Minister of the Religion of Peruahim." Porushim means interpretation, but just what Rabut forvontly by a Greek, then staying in the city, to bring it about in the State, Department that forvontly by a Greek, then staying in the city, to bring it about in the State, Department that a fine seatant him should come late his owners. After many assurances that nothing could be done for him, he began to write to the Supreme Court. He wished to act for him. Rebunfed again, he turned to the Supreme Court. He visited Chief-Justice Watle, Watle, Watle, and the returned from this mission. "He would not away a word," was a he desarating. Wat he desarating blace of his present place of business, the bedief of him the began to write to the Supreme Court. He visited Chief-Justice Watle. What he are true to the Supreme Court. He visited Chief-Justice Watle. What he would not away a word," was a he desarating blace of discovering the author and the cause. In the cause, in the crue of the cause, in the crue of the cause in the cause in the cause in the cause of the cause. In the cause in the the Supreme Court. He visited Chief-Justice Waite. "What did he say?" was asked of the crank, as he returned from this mission. "He would not say a word," was the despairing

would not say a word," was the despairing reply.

Mr. Thomas has held his present position twenty-three years. He is a short thick-set man, with good-humored face, gray beard, and gray hair closely cropped. He wears steel-bowed spectacles at his work, and when in his official den, among big bookcases of dictionaries of foreign languages, poring overstate papers and communications of all sorts at languages, he looks more like a German savant in his study than anything else. French and German are the languages which he has mostly to read, but when necessary he reads a dozen others, Senator Cullom will introduce an amend-

ment to his Postal Telegraph bill immediately after the reassembling of Congress, changing the rates named in the original bill, more es pecially for the transmission of press matter. While he believed that Congress ought to prepecially for the transmission of press matter. While he believed that Congress ought to prescribe rates for the use of the malls, instead of leaving it to the discretion of officials, yet the rates named in his bill wore designed merely as a suggestion to the committee which should have the bill in charge. With subsequent study, and with the information which has come to him from other sources, he has reached the conclusion that there ought to be no difference upon Government lines between service of like character rendered to evening papers and those to morning papers. He says he appreciates the weight of the reason which leads private companies to charge more for day than night service—namely, the fact that the wires says at comparatively high rates during the solution from 10 in the morning till 2 or 3 in the afternoon; but he believes that such reasons should not operate as regards Governmental lines, and that the Government should know no preferred patrons as to rates for like classes of business, or as to order of transmission. The rates to be named in his amendment are based upon a unit of 100 words, or fraction thereof, and are as follows: For 500 miles or less, 25 cents; between 1,500 and 2,000 miles, 40 cents; between 1,000 miles, 50 cents; between 1,000 miles, 50 cents; between 1,000 miles, 50 cents; between 1,500 miles, 50 cents;

Secretary Fairchild has informed a New York firm that the department has no power to mive the statutory requirements of protest and appeal under section 2,931 Revised Statare appear under section 2,931 Revised Stat-ness, where importers are dissatisfied with the rection of the Collector in assessing duty on their merchandise. He adds that a statement made by a deputy Collector to the effect that a protest on any given importation would be use-less, is not binding upon the department, and does not absolve importers from their duties under the law.

The claim of the Cherokee Nation to the Public Land Strip, or "No Man's Land," as it has lately been called, is not looked upon as of any great importance by the Indian Office, and it is supposed to grow out of the imperfect records of the Nation rather than any substantial basis. The Cherokees have long been under the impression, as have many Western people of that vicinity, that the Public Land Strip, which is almost parallel in its boundary lines with what was known as the "Cherokee Outlet," was a part of that concession to the Cherokees. By the treaties of 1833 and 1835, the outlet, extending along the entire northern boundary line of what is now indian Territory, was granted the Cherokees as an outlet to the great hunting grounds and buffalo ranges of the West and Northwest. It was patented to them in 1838, but in 1836 they reconveyed it, tonesters with other lands, including those which new ito to make up the proposed Territory of Okialiona, to be used in settling iriendly tribes of Indians, or the freadmen who may have been shaves among the live civilized tribee. If the Public Land Strip was included in the Cherokee Outlet by the treaty of 1838, it was eseded by the treaties of 1866, but the general opinion is expressed by the authorities of the Interior Department that this land was never any great importance by the Indian Office,

included in the treaties mentioned, and that the Cherokees have through usage gained a wrong impression in relation to this land.

The Star to-night says: "Representative Browne of Indiana, who was a member of the Ways and Means Committee last Congress and will again be assigned to that committee, is preparing a tariff bill which he proposes to proparing a tarin bill which he proposes to submit to his colleagues on the Republican side of the House for their approval, as a substitute for any tariff bill the Democrats may bring in. He thinks that there is a chance of the Democrats bringing into the House a tariff bill of such a character that the Republicans could not afford to vote against it and then whatever credit accrued from the measure would go to the Democrats. He proposes that the Republicans shall have a bill of their own, and then if the Democrats adopt one of the same sort, the Republicans can claim that they first made the suggestions. He has not his bill entirely ready yet, but he expects to complete it in time to submit it to his party friends and get it to the Ways and Means Committee before they have time to report a bill. In character it will propose the repeal of the tobacce tax, and of the entire duty on sugar, sait, and lumber. It will require the duty on some grades of wool on the free list. The aim will be to take the tax off articles entering into every-day consumption, as far as possible, without disturbing needed protection." if to his colleagues on the Republican

Superintendent Riley, whom Gov. Hill has appointed Chief Examiner of the New York Civil Service Board, is out on the great Sioux Reservation in Dakota examining the Indian schools, and no word has been received from schools, and no word has been received from him here as to his intentions. A friend of his here, however, says that Riley had made application for this place to Gov. Hill some months ago, and that he had given Secretary Lamar to understand that he would not stay in the service if he secured another appointment such as he desired. It was stated in the Pioneer Press has summer, when kiley absented himself so long from the city, that he was at loggerheads with the Indian Bureau, and dissatisfied with his place, but this was denied at the time by both the Indian Bureau, and dissatisfied with his place, but this was denied at the time by both the Indian Bureau, and lifey, although Secretary Lamar admitted that things were not as pleasant as they might be. Iliey's position, owing to the indefinite wording of the law, has always been an embarrassing one. He has been under no one's control except the President's, while the Indian Bureau has had control of all the money and the school machinery. Commissioner Atkins has always been absorbent of detail, and the Bureau generally jealous of its authority; consequently Riley has found himself without much to do, and when his contingent fund ran out absolutely nothing. Secretary Lamar made Riley Superintendent of Indian Schools upon his own motion, without other recommendation, and Riley's successor will in all likelihood be appointed in the same way.

Representatives Mills and Breckenridge, the

Representatives Mills and Breckenridge, the two leading members of the new Ways and Means Committee, are closely looked up in the committee, are closely looked up in the committee room all day long now. Their clerk is kept so hard at work copying, revising, and preparing tariff schedules and the outlines for a Tariff bill that it is very plain that it is intended to have one in an advanced stage of preparation when the House comes together once more.

George A. Howard, the sickly green stamp man, did not find out until late to-night that THE SUN proposed to hold him up by the nape of the neck before an outraged public. He of the neck before an outraged public. He read The Sun editorial over once and said: "That's pretty hard on a man who has never been tern up in the newspapers before." After a long breath, he read it over again. "Well, there have been changes in stamps before, when the public demanded it," said he, doubtfully. The sickly green stamp man admitted that Don M. Dickinson had been in the department several times. "I have not seen him yet," he added, with a look that plainly betrayed apprehension.

Mr. Timpson, Mr. Dater, and the lawyers said they didn't know the name of the club in whose basement the books were stored, but they incidentally mentioned that bir. Sidman, the suspended member of the firm, belonged to it.

Lawyer Samuel McGill of Jersey City, on behalf of Timpson & Co., visited Lawyer Rowe's office yesterday, and formally demanded the

haif of Timpson & Co., visited Lawyer Rowe's office yesterday, and formally demanded the books.

"How do you know the books belong to Timpson & Co.?" Lawyer Rowe asked.

Lawyer McGill said he could easily prove that they did, and Lawyer Rowe told him that when he had done that he could have the books. Lawyer McGill will probably replevin the books, and identify them in court. Mr. Rowe says that the firm name does not appear in the books, and that for all he knows the books may have belonged to Henry S. Ives, as the name of that young Napoleon of finance appears in them as having disposed of stocks. There is no real doubt though that they are Timpson's books.

A Bad District for Democratic Revenue Officials.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 30.—This afternoon S. Greed Cardwell shot and killed James Hunter, aged 50. Hunter was a United States store-keeper at the distillery of E. J. Curly & Co.,

keeper at the distillery of E. J. Curly & Co. Camp Nelson, Ky., and for some time he and Cardwell had been having quarrels in regard to the amount of authority that should be exercised by Hunter at the distillery, where Cardwell is bookkeeper. This afternoon both men were alone in the office of the distillery, and the quarrel was renewed. After a short war of words both men drew pistols and began firing. Cardwell emptied his pistol, a flyeshooter, and Hunter fired three shots from his weapon, when he fell mortally wounded, dying in a few minutes.

Cardwell immediately went to Harrodsburg and gave himself up. Hunter was a leading Democrat in Jessamine county. He lived in the county seat. Nicholasville. Cardwell is a strong Republican, having served twelve years in the internal revenue service, and been for several years Deputy Collector in the Seventh district of Kentucky. He is noted for his peaceful disposition, never having figured in any trouble before.

Hunter is the second internal revenue official of the Eighth Kentucky district to meet death by a bullet in the last six wooks, and each was killed by a Republican. Camp Nelson, Ky., and for some time he and

NEW OBLEANS, Dec. 30 .- A fire which started yesterday afternoon destroyed one-half of the town of Houms, in Terre Bonne parish. of the town of Houma, in Terre Bonne parish. A strong wind from the south was blowing at the time, and in a few moments the fire was beyond control. The flames crossed Main street, and in a short time every building on either side of the street to the northern limit of the town was destroyed. The burned buildings include twenty-eight business longes and 100 dwellings. The loss will exceed \$100.000. The insurance is insignificant. A hundred homeless families are being cared for by their more fortunate neighbors.

The Glass Workers' Strike. SANDWICH, Mass., Dec. 30.—Local Union No. 16 of the American Flint Glass Workers' Association having informed the Boston and Sandwich Glass Company that certain of their propositions would not be accepted, General Manager Spurr ordered that the pots be not filled with glass this afternoon as is the general custom. A shut down of the works here on Monday is inevitable.

Tobogganing at the Pole Grounds. Grand winter sports. Afternoon session from 2 to 5 o'clock; evening session from 7 to 10 :00 o'clock. Tobograns to let ou the grounds. Admission, 25c. Slides in fine condition.—Adv.

Pele To-night, Suizer's Hariom Rink, 127th et and 2d av. championship match. New Yorks vs. Fought Game called 8:50 P. M. Admission, 350.—46s.

PRIZE FIGHT IN A BALLROOM. on Dugan of Breeklyn Knocked Out by

TROY, Dec. 30 .- A rattling prize fight oc curred at an early hour this morning in the brilliantly lighted ballroom of a road house between West Troy and Cohoes. The principais were Con Dugan of Brooklyn, who recently defeated Frank Steele of Boston in West Troy, and Jack Harding of Philadelphia, who a short time ago whipped Martin Neary. The man have been in training for some time, and the mill was to have occurred on the 20th inst., but and there was no fight. The spectators subscribed \$50 in addition to paying for tickets

and there was no fight. The spectators subscribed \$50 in addition to paying for tickets that cost \$5 each. The agreement called for a fight to a finish, with small gloves, under Marquis of Queensberry rules, the winner to take all. The men stepped into the ring at 1:30 A. M., and it was apparent that Harding was in the better condition, although he was conceding his adversary four pounds. No time was lost in sparring when time was called. Harding at once made a feint, and sent in a heavy one on Dugan's body just above the belt, and jumped back in time to avoid a counter. Harding made nearly all his plays for Dugan's body, while the Brooklyn lad hammered away at Harding's head. These tactics were followed for the first four rounds, and Harding's face showed the effects of punishment.

In the fifth round Dugan planted two stingers on Harding's face, one of them causing blood to flow freely. The Philadelphian, however, coptinued his tacties, but in the next round he made a change of base, and landing his left on Dugan's left eye almost closed it. The next two rounds were tame, but in the ninth Harding returned to the attack on Dugan's ribs and stomach with considerable effect. Harding's face was in terrible shape, but he was game to the backbone, and smiled grimly when Dugan made a rush, and, landing on his nose, broke it. For the next five rounds Harding palic considerable attention to Dugan's head, and when the fifteenth round, when Harding twice knocked Dugan off his feet by well-directed body blows. The Brooklyn boy was decidedly groggy when he toed the mark for the sixteenth round, and again he was knocked down. There was little of interest in the next fore by usel-directed body blows. The Brooklyn boy was decidedly groggy when he toed the mark for the sixteenth round, and again he was knocked down. There was little of interest in the next fore by self-directed body blows. The Brooklyn boy was decidedly groggy when he toed the mark for the sixteenth round, and again he was knocked down. There was little of in

MIKE KELLY COMING HOME.

He to Disastisfied with the Management and Does Not Want to Stay Any Longer. A despatch from San Francisco says: Mike Kelly of the New Yorks left for the East this morning with his wife. The managers did not learn of his departure until this afternoon, when they expressed much surprise. Kelly said, while waiting for the train: 'I have no complaint about my treatment by the public; I am kicking against the management. We have been treated like a lot of cattle by them. They imagine that because they have us under contract they can have things their own way, but I will show them that they are mistaken. My contract for the California season has expired, but when I told the manager I intended to go heme he kicked like the oid Harry, and put a new interpretation on the contract to coerce me into staying. He threatened to place an injunction on me and stop me on the read, but it will take a mighty big deputy sheriff to bring me lack. Kelly shaved off his moustache just before starting, and his appearance is much changed. "President None of the California Lengue is surprised, but did not appear grieved when told that the erratic king had skipped. He said: "Mr. Kelly has been treated better than any ball player that has come here before, and he certainly has no cause to kick. Special bonus was paid to get him out here, and he made \$900 since he came. Ite has a great reputation, but he has done nothing here to back it up. He hasn't played ball, and he has done more drinking than was good for him. He didn't pan out well, and we wouldn't par such a sum again to get him. About all he did on the field was kick against the umpire. He has not filled his contract, and I shouldn't wonder if he had a lawsuit on his hands when he gets back East. He has had some negotiations by letter about the management of the Boston Club, and perhaps that is the reason why he has returned. Possibly his wife thought this town a little too speedy for the \$10,000 beauty, and hurried him away for his own good. He is the only member of the team who has drank anything here. The rest have been very strict and have attended to business."

"The New York managers have been trying to secure Borchers, the pitcher of the Greenhoids, for next season, but his terms are said to be too high for them." public: I am kicking against the manage We have been treated like a lot of

SUICIDE OF TWO GIRLS.

One Invited a Friend to her Funeral, and then Went Home and Took Potson.

Boston, Dec. 30 .- Yesterday Miss Lucy L. at the telephone board all day at the Warrer Street Central, and seemed as good-natured and smiling as ever until about 6 o'clock, when she had finished her day's work and was about to go home. To another employee she said:
"I am tired of life. I am going home to die."

She looked somewhat downcast, but the per-

She looked somewhat downcast, but the person to whom she spoke took her talk as a joke, and spoke up good-naturedly:

"Invite me to your funeral, Lucy,"

"Yes, I invite you to my funeral," the girl replied. "I invite you now. I am going home to die to-night."

Not long after supper the young woman, then in her home, took a fatal dose of poison. At about 9 o'clock she said to the members of the household that she felt fil, but she did not say that she had taken poison. At 10 o'clock her condition was so critical as to alarm her mother, and a physician was sent for, but, despite his efforts, the girl died at 5 o'clock this morning. morning.

An intimate friend of Miss Hodgdon said this

An intimate friend of Miss Hodgdon said this morning: "Lucy had been despendent for some days, although she did not show it much, as she was too jolly a girl."

LEOMINSTER, Mass., Dec. 30.—Miss Katie Fenton, an attractive girl of 20 years, committed suicide yesterday by noison at her iolgings in this town. She was engaged to be married, and had been betrayed by her lover. He says he had repeatedly urged an immediate marriage after it was known that she was to become a mother, but she had put it off. Katie's home was in Andover, N. H.

BURNT CORK AT A RECEPTION.

The Danish Consul-General Entertains his Guests with a Minstrel Performance. The Danish Consul-General, Henri M. Braem, gave a reception at his house, 15 West Thirty-sixth street, yesterday afternoon. There was a large company of guests present at luncheon, and afterward, as they sat chatting

luncheon, and alterward, as they sat chaiting in the drawing room, there were sounds of confusion and of hurrying feet in the hallway as some twenty men in blackened laces entered the house. The ministrels seated themselves in a semi-circle in the drawing room, and Mr. Braem, acting for the moment in place of the interlocutor, said:

"Permit me, monsieurs and mesdames, to present Mr. Dockstader's ministrels to you."

The men in burnt cork bowed low and the entertainment was begun. There were ballads sung by the seloists in the company, and comic ditties by the end men, and between the musical numbers there were nuts to crack, some of them chestnuts, perhaps, but at any rate they were funny, and Mr. Israem's guests were much amused for an hour. Afterward the ministrels dined, and at 8 o'clock they were back again in their places in Dockstader's Theatre playing their accustomed rôles.

The Cittton Races.

The first race at Clifton yesterday, five fur-ongs, was won by St. Clare, Spring Eagle second. Time, ides. Mutuals paid 88.30. Second Base-Five furlongs. Won by Count Lung, Elsa Second Bave-Five furiouge. Won by Count Lung, Elsa Resalind second. Time, 1 (854). Mutuals paid—Count Lung, straight, 54 30; Elsa Rosalind, place, 23 00.

Third Bace-Three-quarters of a mile. Won by Pegasus, Gendon second. Time, 1,25%. Mutuals paid—Pegasus, straight, 510; place, 53 50; tilendom, piade, 25 15, Fourth Race-Three-quarters of a mile. Won by Joseph Fourth Race-Three public Confidence won, Amilton second. Time, 1,33%. Mutuals paid—Castilian, straight, \$3,55; place, \$4.65.

Sporting Notes. The Manhattan Athlotic Club will have its annual win-er games in Madison Square Garden on Saturday.

The Manhatian Athletic Club will have its annual winter games in Madison Square Garden ou Saturday,
Jan. 28.

William E. Harding yesterday cabled to Richard K.
Fox from London that there was no prospect of getting
on a match between Sullivan and Kilrain.
Jack Keefa, Philadelphia's heavy weight is arranging
a match with 9. d. Smith, champion of Nekraska, for a
fight to a hitch near Aberdeen. Habola.
Mr. Richard O. Sears of Roston has announced his intention to retire from the champion lawn tennis competitions in America. This event will and greatly to the
interest in next year's matches, as Mr. Scars is so easily
first that the failing off in interest at Newport this year
was conspicuous.

Royal Baking Powder, Absolutely Pure.

NEWS FOR GOULD AND SAGE.

He Thinks the Handling of the Kansas Facilic Trust Presents a Case the Courts Should Pass On Grand Lafreeny the Charge District Attorney Martine filed a memorandum yesterday on the proceedings insti-tuted in October last in the District Attorney's Lancey, charging Jay Gould and Russell Sage with grand larceny in wrongfully converting and withholding \$3,000,000 of securities of the Kansas Pacific Trust in 1879.

LAYEST LORDON GUOTATIONA

Atlantic & Gt. W. ist. 2854 Mexican
Atlantic & Gt. W. 2d. Next Canadian Pacific. 6554 N. Central
Canadian Pacific. 6554 N. Central
Central Pacific. 354). Northern Pacific pf
Eric common. 2054 Fennsylvania
Eric common. 1054 Reading
Illinois Central. 121 San Francisco pf.
Fannas & Texas. 1545 St. Paul common.
Lake Shora. 1554 Wabash pf.

The year closed upon the Stock Exchange

with the market practically nominal, but very

strong. The fluctuations were narrow, and the net changes insignificant. The greatest in-

good many operators were disappointed that

the rates were not increased. This feeling was

reflected in a net decline of % F cent. in Lake

Shore and in Canada Southern. Doubtless the actual owners of the Vanderbilt securities ap-

have during the past year expended large

their present rate of dividend, even should the

business of the coming year proveless profitable

for the decrease in the net earnings of the

change will be made in the dividend upon New

the net earnings upon the stock for the eleven

The accusations were to the effect that on May 1, 1879, Gould and Bage, as trustees, became possessed of \$3,000,000 of Denver Pacific and telegraph stock, under a deed of trust by the Kansas Pacific Ballway Company (a part of whose assets the Denver stock was) for the benefit of holders of Kansas Pacific consolidatd bonds ; that on Jan. 14, 1880, at a meeting in Jay Gould's house, the consolidation of the ver Pacific was agreed on, and a memorandum was drawn up and signed by the initials of those present, by which the Denver Pacific stock in trust was to be taken and divided principally between Gould and Sage ; that in purcipally between Gould and Sage; that in pursuance of the scheme Gould and Sage, as officers and majority stockholders of the Kansas Pacific, wrote to Gould and Sage as trustees for the bendholders, asking the trustees to return the stock to the railroad's treasury, on a pretext involving the theory that it was of no great value; that Gould and Sage, as trustees, refused to do so without an order of court; that the order was obtained fraudulently from the Subreme Court, and that thus, with the apparent sanction of the court the trust securities, which, by reason of the secret consolidation agreement were about to increase enormously in murket value, were surrendered at a trifling valuation by Gould and Sage, strustees for the bondholders, to Gould and Sage, owners of the Kansas Pacific.

Mr. Martine's memorandum is as follows:

"The application is to present to the Grand Live of charge of larger as experts of found and Juve of larger as experts." (April 1979)

Kansas Pacific.

Mr. Martine's memorandum is as follows:

"The application is to present to the Grand Jury a charge of larceny against Gould and Sage under section 541 of the Code. In my opinion the acts with the commission of which the defendants are charged constitute a crime. A possible obstacle to a successful prosecution of the persons complained of is the statute of limitations. Yet there are strong reusons for believing that that obstacle is not insurmountable. The statute under which it is sought to prosecute may be so construed as to enable the people to proceed, notwithstanding the statute of limitations, and such construction would have much support in reason and common sense. The question is so close, and the interests involved here as well of the people as of the defendants, are so important, that it seems proper to leave the determination of this question of law to the courts. In order to effect this result the facts should be laid before the Grand Jury, and, if proven, an indictment found and tried."

The case is a legacy to Col. Fellows.

Section 541 of the Code prescribes as penalty for the crime it defines in myrisonment for not less than five or more than ten years, and, in addition, at the discretion of the court, a fine not exceeding the value of the property stolen, with interest and 20 per cent, added, and, if the fine be not paid, five years more of imprisonment.

A costume reception was held last evening by the Ladies' Art Association at 4 West Fourteenth street. A number of the young lady teenth street. A number of the young lady members and students appeared in European peasant and gypsy costumes, many of which had been picked up in the course of their travels. Mr. J. de Taby, a Hungarian, who wore the costume of a peasant of his country, sang a Hungarian love song to the accompaniment of a Hungarian string band and danced a native step with Miss Lysoi Bajlos. Mrs. Perfinand A. Marsily is President of the association.

The Stone Cutters Defeat the Stone Setters. The third annual curling match between the

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

New York Stock Exchange-Sales Dec. 30. UNITED STATES AND STATE BONDS (IN \$1,000s).

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	4	8 Tex. Pac., l. g 48	ſ
	3 Ken. Cen. 1st 71	10 Tol. & W. lat	١
	2 L. E. & W. 1st 104	5 Un. Pac. Wis 115	ş
: 1	1 Lake Sh. 1st	3 Un. Pac. 97s	å
3	1 Minn & N. W. 1st. 101	3 Un. Pac. S. F 116 2 Un. Pac. '00s 116	?
. 1	5 Mor. & Es. 1st. Gt., 18214	4	
2	2 Mob. & O. 1st new. 190	10 W. & P., Ch. d 99	j

BAILBOAD AND OTHER SHAKES.

The total saics of stocks were 124,683 shares.

The total sales of stocks were 120,083 shares.

COFFARISHS OF FIRMS 2118

Dec. 20, Dec. 30, Dec. 30, All. & Pacific 108 108 Norfolk & W. Dr. 4818 43

Can Southern, 57 felts Norfolk & W. Dr. 4818 43

Can Southern, 57 felts Norfolk & W. Dr. 4818 43

Con S. A. O. 120, 1804 53 Nor Fac, 17d, 452 4614

Con S. A. O. 120, 1804 5 Nor Fac, 17d, 452 4614

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Len. L. & West, 1804, 1228, Unains con. 47 494

Bet. L. & West, 1804, 1228, Unains con. 47 494

Bet. L. & West, 1804, 1228, Unains con. 47 494

Bet. L. & West, 1804, 1228, 1804 1804 1805

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F. W. 21 f. 40, 404

F. W. 21 f. 40, 404

Bet. L. & France Nail, 1804 1818

Bet. L. & France Nail, 1804 1818

Lass at Texas. 1818

Bet. S. France 1804 1804

Bet. L. & France 1804

Bet. L. & Bet. L.

Park Bank at 167%.

The total transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange during the year were 85.921.028 shares; Government bonds, \$3,447,100, par value, and railway bonds, \$366,968,253.

The main line of the Duluth. South Shore and Atlantic Bailroad was practically completed yesterday, establishing all rail communication between Duluth and the Sault Ste. Marie and Montreal. The offleers of the company in this city received to-day the following despatch from the chief engineer of the company at Marquette, Mich.: "Track layers met at the bridge over south branch of Ontonogon River at 9's yesterday morning. I will disband construction forces as rapidly as possible."

The Lake Shore dividend is 2 per cent., payaconstruction forces as rapidly as possible."

The Lake Shore dividend is 2 per cent., payable Feb. 15 next. The company's statement for the year ending Dec. 31, both years partly estimated, shows:

1887. 1888.

Gross carnings. \$18.674.664 \$15.876.616 Inc. \$2.818.818 Gerating Exp. 10.991.397 \$1.700.135 Inc. 1.386.132 Nat earnings. \$7.684,197 \$6,117,481 Inc. \$1,520,716 Charges 8,680,000 \$,719,135 Dec. 58,135 Surplus. \$4,024,197 \$2,308,340 Inc. \$1,625,851 Dividends. 1,970,000 983,330 Inc. \$60,330 Surplus...... \$2,044,587 1,400,016 Inc. \$130,521 

The Michigan Central dividend is 2 % cent. nayable Feb. 15. Its statement for the year ending Dec. 81 shows:

1887.

Gross earnings.

Gross ea Froportion to Canada Southern 540,000 \$1,314,0.0 407,000 540,000 \$162,000 The Canada Southern dividend is 14 B cent., also payable Feb. 15, the net earnings amounting to \$540,000, and the dividends for the year to \$375,000. to \$375,000.

The Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis, the Cincinnati and Springfield, and the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railways report for the year ending Dec. 31:

and % weent, in St. Paul.

Government bonds dull and irregular. The 4/ss closed ½ and the 4s % weent lower bid. The currency issues were unchanged. Railway bonds quiet, but very irm. The few netchanges worth noting were advances as follows: Colorado Coal and Iron 6s, % weent, to 100; Erje 2ds. %, to 97%; Kansas and Texas general 6s. %, to 73%, and Northwest extension 4s, 1 weent, to 95.

Storling archaese

cent., to 95.
Storling exchange steady. Actual rates were \$4.82%@\$4.83 for long bills and \$4.85%@\$4.85% for demand.
In bank stocks 25 sbares of Bank of Commerce sold at 167; 25 shares of Importers' and Tradors' Bank at 340, and 10 shares of Park Bank at 167%.

57,100,006 5.072,300 ... \$33,200 870,665 The statement of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railroad for November shows gross earnings of \$233,874, an Increase of \$26,636 over last year, and not earnings, \$32,396, an increase of \$52,604. For the two months ending Nov. 31 the not earnings were \$101,568, an increase of \$64,182.

The Treasury statement shows balances as follows: 

posits in excess of \$1,000,000: The Shawmut National Bank of Boston, the Hanover National Bank of New York, the Third National Bank of Cincinnait, the Merchants' National Bank of New York, and the Citizens' National Bank of Cincinnait. The number of these depositaries has nearly doubled since Secretary Fairchild inaugurated his present policy of dealing with the surplus.

FRIDAT, Dec. 30.—FLOUR AND MEAL—The market was quiet, but prices showed a hardening tendency. Buckwheat liter framer, at \$2.356,\$12.0 ft 14.012.

Corross—butters could wish microtain tone, and so remained to near the close of business, when prices not yearchair's advance, under sales to realize, in the face of a dull demand, atthough receipts at interior lowns were below estimates, amounting to only \$6.030 bales—dus, undoubtedly, to the very severe weather in the Southwest and the Mississappl Valley for the past ien days. The warrike news from the Confinent was also a depressing influence. Still, the bears not cautionally seeing that the market is open to manipulation. Spot cot on was firm but quiet, midding uplands, 10.040c. Guiffs, 10.11-10c. Receipts at the parts this day, 28, 300 bales, past week, 187.046 bulles; corresponding week last year, 236.324 bales. Sales of lutures were \$3,000 bales, and the following are closting prices:

January 10.02 May 10.152 September. 10.03

January 10.82 May 10.92 September, 10.93 February 10.93 June 11.00 October 10.24 March 10.74 July 11.00 October 10.24 March 10.74 July 11.00 October 10.24 April 10.83 July November, 10.10 April 10.1 terest naturally centred in the Vanderbilt divi-dends, and there is no disguising the fact that preciate the conservative course that has been pursued. They know that these companies amounts of money in putting the prop-erties in first-class condition, and for equipment as well. These extraordinary expenditures have been charged to operating account. It will be seen therefore, that these companies are in shape to maintain than that of the one now closing. The same policy has been pursued by all of the trunk vember. Of course, in the light of to-day's action, it is a foregone conclusion that no York Central which will be declared to-morrow. The same conservative course was adopted by the directors of the Lackawanna Company at their meeting to-day. Although

Live Stock Market.

Company at their meeting to-day. Although the net earnings upon the stock for the eleven months ending Nov. 30 were 11.95 % cent., the dividend declared was the usual one of 1% for the quarter ending to-morrow.

The relations between the Reading Company and its employees was a tople more generally discussed than any other. It seems to be pretty generally conceded that the strike has proved a failure. Some complications are feared with the miners, but this matter will doubtless assume definite shape before the Stock Exchange reopens for business on Tuesday. Interest is being revived in the relations to one another of the roads west and southwest of Chicago. Wall-street is beginning to receive again abundant predictions from Chicago of rate wars. If the situation there is as aggravated as Chicago would have us believe, it certainly is not reflected in the market for the Granger and allied stocks.

The greatest activity to-day was in Union Pacific, and it was one of the few stocks that closed a little higher, despite the renewed attacks of the Congressional bear party upon it. One potent reason for the strength of Union Pacific is that New England investors are beginning to appreciate that the stock is upon its way toward a dividend-paying basis.

Of the four days' business at the Stock Exchange this week it is hardly necessary to speak, since speculation has been almost absolutely at a standstill. About the only feature to be noted is the strength of the market and the incipient demand for investment securities. General trade is, of course, flat, on account of the holiday week, but it is worth noting that the fron trade is developing a slightly better tone. It is understood that the Fennsylvania Raliroad has decided to come into the steel rail market, at about present prices, for the 60.000 tons which it will require for renewals during the coming year. The year closes without the expected disturbance of the money market. To-day money on cull was 566 % cent., with exceptional loans both above and below those figu New York. Friday, Dec. 30.—Receipts of beeves 500 head, all to be sold, along with it car loads that arrived yesterday. At an advance equal to 1963bc. If 190 heat, the pens were fairly cleared; but several car loads that were held above the market were to sell at a late hour. Common to orime native steers ranged from \$2.00 to \$5.40 H 100 he; extra do. at \$5.50(\$5.0), and buils at \$2.28(\$5.00 heat). Exports to day and to homerow, 238 beeves and 4.240 quarters of beef.

Receipts of calves, 130 head. Nearly nominal for veals at 56.50 heat. So the sell of 第5,76美年,25。 Receipts of hogs, 1,800. A car load of light Western plus changed hands, alive, at \$5.60 多 100 bs., and the range is quoted at \$5.50会\$5.75.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

in the new year if circumstances favor them.

The most important events at the beginning of the new year will be the return of the Philadelphia and Reading and of the Jersey Central Raliroads to the hands of their respective stockholders. The arrangements to do this were being perfected to-day, and the present expectation is that, beginning at 12 o'clock to-morrow night, both corporations will be operated again by their owners. This alone is calculated to exert an encouraging influence upon the holders of securities generally.

As compared with the final prices of last Friday the list is generally higher. The only noteworthy net gains are those of 2 went in Norfolk and Western preferred; 1% in Missouri Pacific and in Lackswanna: 1 went. In Union Pacific, Omaha common, and in the Northwest; % went in St. Paul.

Government bonds dull and irregular. The MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
7 30 | Sun sets... 4 37 | Moon rises.. 6 10 Sandy Hook. 8 04 | Gov. Jaland. 8 18 | Hell Gate... 10 00 Arrived-FRIDAY, Dec. 89

Ss H. T. Dimock, Berry, Boston.
Ss City of Columbia, McKee, Charleston.
Ss Richmond, Jenny, Newport News.
Ss Vorwarts, Fortmann, Bremen.
Ss Tallainasse, Fisher, Savannai.
Se Roanoke, Couch, Newport News.
Ss Eleanors, Bragg, Portland.

Sa Adriatio, from New York, at Queenstown. Sa Lydian Monarch from New York, at London Sallad Flow forming forms.
Sa Elbe, from Southampton for New York

Business Motices.

"Hollday Styles" in Gentlemen's Hats, PERFECT SHAPES, SUPERIOR QUALITY, McCANN, 218 BOWERY, NEAR PRINCE ST.

Kennedy's Hats the best at the least money, Derbya \$1.60, \$2.85, \$2.00; Silk Hats, \$2.00, \$4.80, \$2.80, saving \$1.50 per hat 20 Cornandt st., up stairs

Heavy Merino Underwent, 49c. a gar-ment; worth 75c. KENNEDV, in Cortlandt et., up stair

MARRIED.

DURYEA-VON VERSEN.-On Christmas night, by the Rev.Chas. H. Eaton, Levi Duryea, Jr., to Ida Von Versen, FROST-VAN HOUNE,—In Wednesday, Dec. 28, at the residence of the brides parents, Lod, Seneca county, Y., by the Rev. J. H. Zarriman, Amia S., daughter of Jan. Van Horne, Fsq., to Orando F. Frost of Sew York.

HEMINWAY-DUDGE.—On Dec. 28, at S., Hartholomew's Church, by the Rev. Dr., Cooke, Marie Isabelis Bodge, daughter of Mary M. Bodge and the late Sewell Bodge, daughter of Mary M. Bodge and the late Sewell Late V. Dodge, to Homer Hemitmay, all of New York city.

LEVIUE-WALKER.—On Dec. 10, at the residence of the Rev. Martin G. Vincent. May Walker, daughter of Major R. F. Walker of Richmond, Va., to Walter M. Levick of New York city.

DIED.

DAY.—At Orange, N. J., on Wednesday, Dec. 28, after a brief liness. Annie, daughter of the late John Day. Funeral private interment at Greenwood, DUDLEY.—On Wednesday, Dec. 28, Wm. J. Dudley, aged 78 years and 4 months.

Funeral at the Old Gentlemen's Home, Fort Washington, to-day at 10 A. M.

EWEN.—On Thursday morning, Dec. 29, Miss Harriet

5. Ewen. EWEN.—On Thursday morning, Dec. 29, Miss Harriet S. Ewen.
Funeral services will be held at the residence of M. D. L. Gatins. Bootton N. J., 10-day at 11 A. M. Train leaves New York at 9 A. M. 10-day at 11 A. M. Train PLYSN.—On Friday, Dec. 30 Joseph P. Flynn, the heloved son of Charles and Honora Flynu, aged 18 years. Funeral from the residence of his patents, 1,1-9 3d av., on Sonday, Jan. 1, at 2 P. M. FERRALT.—At her late residence, 170 South 2d st. cerner of Urings, Brookiyn, Mary McNames, widow of Join Petral. FERRALT—A. Decokiyi, Nary McNames, which corner of Driggs, Brookiyi, Nary McNames, which for Ferralt.

Belatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral to-day at 2 o'clock.

HORSTRILL—In Flushing, N. Y., on Wednesday, Doc. 28, Bracel Horsdeld, M. D., in the felth year of his age. Funeral from St. George's Church, I floshing, to-day at 11 o'clock. Interment at Greenvale, N. 1.

HOGAN.—On Thorsday, Dec. 28, Thomas Hogan, aged 50 years.

HOGAN.—On Thursday, Dec. 2h, Thomas Hogan, aged 30 years.

Edinives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 21:40 24 av.

Publin papers please capy.

LYTTh.L.L.B. Studienty, of the unionia, at her late residence, 11 Enet 2nd 81. New York, Nrs. Lyttelle of Herfast, Ireland, in the 7th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at 8:40 clock A. M. to-day. Interment at Cedar Lawn, Paterson, N. J.

Helfast papers please copy.

MURIPHY.—On Dec. 28, John Murphy of 51 Meeker av.,

Brooklyn, aged 50 years.

Will be burried from 61. Mary's Church, Leonard and Manjer sts. Brooklyn, to-day at 9:24 A. M. helatives and friends of the family are invited to attend. Flease emit forests. North EA.—On Thursday, Dec. 20, James McCrea, ir

Sperial Hotires.

14. N. SQUIRE & SGNS, GI PULTON ST., N.Y. the best place for archase the dampure watches and stering silver, guaranteed as represented in lowest prices. Repairing the watches a specialty.

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WILTURE MEDITAL

the magnesium ight in the interior of the ryfeind, and now first printed.

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By EDWARD 8. HOLDEN POEMS
By CHARLES EDWIN MARKHAM, C. P. CRANCH,
RENNELL BOOD, GRAHAM R. TONSON, and E.
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